

The General Nursing Council for England and Wales.

Final State Examination for the General Part of the
Register.

(Female Nurses.)

Wednesday, February 1st, 1956.

MEDICINE AND MEDICAL NURSING TREATMENT.

(First Paper.)

Note—Candidates must attempt three questions and not more than three.

1. Give an account of the disturbances of metabolism which may occur in diabetes mellitus. State how a case of diabetic coma would be recognised and treated.
2. What conditions may cause haemoptysis? Describe the treatment and nursing care of a severe case. Mention any investigations which may be carried out to ascertain the cause of this symptom.
3. State what you know about poliomyelitis.
4. Describe the symptoms and treatment of a patient suffering from:—
 - (a) an overdose of a barbiturate;
 - (b) coal gas poisoning.
5. State briefly what you know about:—
 - (a) erythema nodosum;
 - (b) quinsy;
 - (c) urticaria;
 - (d) mumps;
 - (e) myxoedema.

Wednesday, February 1st, 1956.

SURGERY AND GYNAECOLOGY AND SURGICAL AND
GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING TREATMENT.

(Second Paper.)

Note—Candidates must attempt three questions and not more than three.

1. Describe the treatment of peritonitis due to a perforated appendix. What complications may occur?
2. What is meant by colic? Give examples. Describe the treatment and investigation of a patient suffering from renal colic.
3. How can a nurse anticipate and alleviate the anxieties of a patient about to undergo an operation?
4. Describe the signs, symptoms, complications and treatment of uterine fibroids.
5. Write brief notes on:—
 - (a) cystoscopy;
 - (b) oesophagoscopy;
 - (c) sigmoidoscopy.

Wednesday, February 1st, 1956.

GENERAL NURSING.

(Third Paper.)

Note—Candidates must attempt five questions and not more than five.

1. What observations should be made and recorded concerning the urine of patients in a medical ward? Discuss the importance of these observations.
2. Describe the treatment and nursing care of a patient suffering from an attack of bronchial asthma. What advice would you give to a patient on his discharge from hospital?
3. For what conditions may colostomy be performed? Describe the care of the colostomy while the patient is
 - (a) in hospital;
 - (b) at home.

4. An adult patient has had tonsillectomy performed. Describe the nursing care which would be given from the time he returns to the ward from the operating theatre until he is well again. What complications may occur?
5. Discuss the preparation for and the nursing care of a patient receiving radium treatment for carcinoma of the cervix. What special precautions should be taken?
6. What do you understand by "cyanosis"? In what conditions may it occur? Describe the particular nursing care required for a patient in an oxygen tent.
7. What are the duties of a nurse in connection with the requisition, storage and administration of drugs included in the Dangerous Drugs Act?

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(Male Nurses.)

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Wednesday, February 1st, 1956.

SURGERY AND SURGICAL NURSING TREATMENT, AND VENEREAL
AND GENITO-URINARY DISEASES AND THE NURSING
OF THESE DISEASES.

(Second Paper.)

Note—Candidates must attempt three questions and not more than three.

1. Describe the treatment of peritonitis due to a perforated appendix. What complications may occur?
2. What is meant by colic? Give examples. Describe the treatment and investigation of a patient suffering from renal colic.
3. How can a nurse anticipate and alleviate the anxieties of a patient about to undergo an operation?
4. Describe the signs, symptoms, complications and treatment of acute gonorrhoea.
5. Write brief notes on:—
 - (a) cystoscopy;
 - (b) oesophagoscopy;
 - (c) sigmoidoscopy.

Wednesday, February 1st, 1956.

GENERAL NURSING.

(Third Paper.)

Note—Candidates must attempt five questions and not more than five.

[previous page](#)

[next page](#)